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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/741,303	12/18/2003	Adam J. Weissman	53051/288073	4367
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PATENT DEPARTMENT - 53051			MYINT, DENNIS Y	
KILPATRICK STOCKTON LLP 1001 WEST FOURTH STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27101			2162	
			DATE MAILED: 06/05/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/741,303	WEISSMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Dennis Myint	2162				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
,	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/18/2006.					
,	·					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r election requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12/18/2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	m	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 124/18/2005: 3/3/05 % il / 26/wo 6 Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-28 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

3. Claims 1-4, 12, 13, 15-18, 26, and 27are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b as being anticipated by Woods (hereinafter "Woods") (U.S. Patent Number 5724571).

As per claim 1, Woods is teaches

"a method, comprising:

defining target rules for detection of target hits in an article, including defining target article region" (Column 4 Lines 47-38, i.e., windows onto a target document – i.e., regions in a document and Column 5 Lines 7-14);

"defining extraction rules based on the target rules for the extraction of extracts from the article, including an extraction article region" (Column 5 Line 66 through Column 7 Line 57, i.e. *Basic Method: Ranking and Penalty Procedures, Procedure 1, Procedure 2, Procedure 2, Procedure 3, Procedure 4, Procedure 5, Procedure 6, Procedure 7, Procedure 8, Procedure 9, and so on.*);

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"applying target rules to each target article region of the article to determine target hits" (Column 4 Lines 47-38, i.e., windows onto a target document – i.e., regions in a document and Column 5 Lines 7-14); and

"applying extraction rules to detect at least one extract from the article based on the determined target hit" (Woods, Column 5 Line 66 through Column 7 Line 57).

As per claim 2, Woods teaches the limitation:

"wherein a plurality of target hits are detected and a plurality of extracts are extracted" (Column 4, Lines 38-47).

As per claim 3, Woods is directed to the limitation:

"further comprising sorting the extracts based on the extraction rules" (Column 5 Line 66 through Column 7 Line 57).

As per claim 4, Woods discloses the limitation:

"further comprising extracting at least one extract from the article based on the determined target hit" (Column 5 Line 66 through Column 7 Line 57).

Claims 15-18 are rejected on the same basis as claims 1-4 respectively.

As per claim 12, Woods teaches the limitation:

"wherein the target article region is an article, a sentence or a term" (Column 4 Lines 48-62 and Column 7 Lines 13-25).

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Claim 26 is rejected on the same basis as claim 12.

As per claim 13, Woods teaches the limitation:

"wherein the extraction article region is a article, a sentence or a term" (Column 4 Lines 48-62 and Column 7 Lines 13-25).

Claim 27 is rejected on the same basis as claim 13.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claim 5, 6, 19, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woods in view of Talib et al. (hereinafter "Talib") (U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2001/0049674).

Referring claims 5, Woods does not explicitly teach the limitation: "wherein the target rules further comprise a target definition and a target score formula".

Talib teaches the limitation: "wherein the target rules further comprise a target definition and a target score formula" (Paragraphs 0170-0171).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add the feature of employing a target score formula as taught by Talib to the method of Woods so that, in the resultant method, the target rules would further comprise a target definition and a target score formula. One would have been motivated to do so in order to provide users with a multiple-taxonomy, multiple category search engine that allows users to search for records (Talib, Paragraph 0043).

Referring to claim 6, Talib teaches the limitation:

"wherein applying the target rules comprises, using the target score formula to detect target hits" (Talib, Paragraph 0043).

Claims 19 and 20 are rejected on the same basis as claims 5 and 6 respectively.

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6. Claim 7 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woods in view of Talib and further in view of Fernley et al. (hereinafter "Fernley")(U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2002/0174101).

Referring to claim 7, Woods in view of Talib teaches the limitation "the target definition comprises a concept set" (Woods, Column 5 Lines 7-51). Woods in view of Talib does not explicitly disclose the limitation: "a gist."

Fernley teaches the limitation "a gist" (Paragraph 101).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add the feature of generating a gist of a document as taught by Fernley to the method of Woods in view of Talib so that, in the resultant method, the target definition comprises a concept set or a gist or both. One would have been motivated to do so in order to provide a sufficiently specific method of document retrieval, particularly when applied to a set of large documents with broad semantic content (Fernley, Paragraph 0012).

Claim 21 is rejected on the same basis as claim 7.

7. Claim 8-11, 14, 22-25, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woods in view of Talib and further in view of Fernley and further in view of Sacco (hereinafter "Sacco") (U.S. Patent Number 6763349).

Referring to claim 8, Woods in view of Talib and further in view of Sacco does not explicitly disclose the limitation: "Wherein the concept set is a list of concepts."

Sacco teaches the limitation: "Wherein the concept set is a list of concepts" (Sacco Column 8, Lines 15-24).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add the feature of using sets of concepts to the method of Woods in view of Talib and further in view of Fernley so that, in the resultant method, the concepts set is a list of concepts. One would have been motivated to do so in order to obtain reduced taxonomy, which derived from the original taxonomy by pruning the concepts (Sacco, Column 2 Lines 5-8).

Referring to claim 9, Sacco teaches the limitation:

"wherein concepts in the list of concepts are produced by set operations on multiple lists of concepts" (Column 2 Lines 5-8 and Column 8, Lines 15 through Column 3 Line 32).

Referring to claim 10, Fernley teaches the limitation:

"wherein a gist comprises weighted concepts" (Paragraphs 0100-0104).

Referring to claim 11, Fernley is directed to the limitation:

"wherein the gist is user defined or is a calculated gist of the article" (Paragraphs 0100-0104 and Paragraph 0011). Note that in neural network learning rules, user feedback/input is always present.

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Claims 22-25 are rejected on the same basis as claims 8-11 respectively.

Referring to claim 14, Fernley is directed to the limitation:

"wherein the article is preprocessed to determine concepts contained in the article and a gist for the article" (Paragraphs 0100-0104 and Paragraph 0011).

Claim 28 is rejected on the same basis as claim 14.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure is as follows:
 - (1) U.S. Patent Number 6594658 (Woods)
 - (2) U.S. Patent Number 6651058 (Sundaresan et al.)
 - (3) U.S. Patent Number 7024624 (Hintz)

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dennis Myint whose telephone number is (571) 272-5629. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:30PM Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Breene can be reached on (571) 272-4107. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-5629.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Dennis Myint

AU-2162

camy truing primary Examiner